[NOVEMBER, MDCCLXVIII.]

SOUTH-CAROLINA AND COUNTRY

THE

GAZETTE; JOURNAL.

[NUMB. 152.]

Containing the freſheſt Advices, both Foreign and Domeſtic.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1768.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

By Order of his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

TO all Perſons having any demands on the PUBLIC of this Province, to deliver in Accounts of the ſame, on Oath, on or before the *firſt of January next*, (after which Day none will be received) to

JACOB MOTTE, Public-Treaſurer.

TO BE SOLD,

The following valuable tracts of LAND, belonging to the eſtate of *James Akin*, Eſq; deceaſed, viz.

THREE hundred acres of river ſwamp, (tide land) butting and bounding to the eaſt on Waccamaw river, to weſt on lands of Mr. Elias Foiſſin, deceaſed, north-eaſt Mr. Joſeph La Bruce, to the ſouth-weſt on vacant land, about three miles from George-Town, and eſteemed inferior to none in the province for rice, corn and indico.

Five hundred acres of high land on the ſouth ſide of Waccamaw river, ſuppoſed to be nearly oppoſite, and contiguous to the abovementioned three hundred acres of ſwamp, which would ſuit the purchaſer of the ſaid ſwamp for a plantement, its buttings and boundings was on all ſides on vacant land at the time of the grant, 1735.

One thouſand eight hundred and fifty acres, in three tracts, in Kingſton townſhip, on Waccamaw river, being good for rice, corn and indico, bounded north-eaſt on Mr. Neſbit, and otherways on lands of Mr. Thomas Blyth, &c.

Six hundred and forty-eight acres ſwamp land, in Craven county, bounding weſt on lands formerly of Captain Brockton, eaſt on Mr. Neſmith, north on Mr. Gibbs, ſouth on Mr. M'Kicken.

One Thouſand four hundred and fifty acres of land, in Craven county, on Sampit river, near George-Town, is well timbered with pine for ſawing, and ſome planting land.

Five hundred and fifty acres in Berkley county, St Thomas's pariſh, bounding on lands of the late Governor Sir Nathaniel Johnſton, to the north on land of the late Captain Thomas Akin, well timbered with good yellow pine, alſo ſome planting land.

One hundred acres within Williamſburg townſhip, bounding on lands formerly of ſaid James Akin, and on all other ſides vacant.

ALSO,

Four hundred and ninety-eight acres in Black-Mingo townſhip, butting and bounding to the ſouth on Mr. M'Keithen's land, weſt on Captain Brockington, eaſt on Mr. Neſmith, north on Mr. Futhy. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe may enquire of Mr. JOSIAH SMITH, jun. merchant, in Charles-Town, and of the ſubſcribers in St. Thomas's pariſh.

GEORGE SMITH, jun.
JAMES AKIN,
THOMAS AKIN.

DAWSON & WALTER,

Have juſt imported in the Catherine, Peter Dobſon, *from* BRISTOL;

FRESH SUPPLY of WHITE PLAINS of the beſt quality, green and blue ditto, ſome of which are extraordinary kind, duffil blankets, ſuperfine bed ditto, white and ſcarlet flannels, ſwan ſkins, ſtript lindſeys, nails of all kinds, from a tack to a 30 inch ſpike, ſmiths bellows, vices and ſets of blackſmiths tools compleat, Taunton and Weſtſhire ale of a ſuperior kind, Briſtol beer and cyder, ſupport canvas, window glaſs, paints, delph, white, ſtone, and brown ware of all kinds, &c. &c.

N. B. They have 50 boxes of the *pureſt* SPERMATI CANDLES to ſell CHEAP. 6w.

DAWSON & WALTER,

Have juſt imported in the Friendſhip, Samuel Ball, *from* LONDON, *a large and compleat aſſortment of* GOODS, *for the preſent and winter ſeaſon, among which in particular are,*

FASHIONABLE BROAD CLOTHS, and trimmings, compleat ſets of enameled, and blue and white table china, compleat ſets of tea ditto, a variety of India perſians, cheſt of the fineſt hyſon tea, loaf ſugar by the hogſhead whip, rice hooks, deep rimb rice ſcives, &c. &c.

A proper ſupply of GOODS will be ſent to their ſtores in DORCHESTER and MONCK's CORNER, where their friends may now depend on finding a good aſſortment kept, and where they will be ſerved as cheap as in Charles-Town. 6w.

RUN-AWAY ſome time in June laſt, a negro fellow named GEORGE, he has been uſed to going in a boat as patroon, ſo that he is well known about Cooper and Wando rivers, likewiſe at John's-Iſland and Ponpon; he is a little old fellow, talks much, and has a caſt in his eyes. Whoever takes up and delivers him to the warden of the Work-houſe, ſhall have TWENTY POUNDS reward. Any perſon giving information of his being harboured by a white perſon, ſhall on conviction of the offender, receive FIFTY POUNDS, or if harboured by a negro, TEN POUNDS. If the ſaid negro fellow GEORGE, will come home of his own accord, he ſhall be forgiven.

JOHN MARLEY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The ASSESSORS *and* COLLECTORS *of the* GENERAL TAX, *for the pariſhes of* St. Philip, *and* St. Michael, CHARLES-TOWN,

HEREBY GIVE NOTICE,

THAT they will have finiſhed their Aſſeſſment by Tueſday the 22d of next Month, at which Time a Duplicate thereof will be poſted at the *Guard-Houſe*, for the Ten following Days, being to the Time preſcribed by Law, during which Time they will attend at the Houſe of Mr. ELISHA POINSETT, from the Hours of 9 to 12 in the Forenoon, and from 2 to 5 in the Afternoon, in order that all Perſons who think themſelves over-rated, may ſwear off. AND THEY GIVE THIS FURTHER NOTICE, that they will begin to attend, to receive the TAXES, at the ſaid Houſe, on Monday the 12th of December next, and to continue as the Law directs, at the Hours above-mentioned.

THOMAS SAVAGE,
WILLIAM MAZYCK,
ARTHUR PERONNEAU,
JOSEPH VERREE,
ELIAS VANDERHORST.

Charles-Town, October 28, 1768.

T. LOWDER,

(*Late* MIDWIFE *and* APOTHECARY, *to* St. Peter's Hoſpital, BRISTOL,)

INFORMS the Public, and his Friends particularly, that he intends to follow thoſe Profeſſions in this Province; If a regular, phyſical Education, with a conſiderable Degree of Experience may be allowed ſufficient Qualifications, he hopes he ſhall not be found deficient; he aſſures them the utmoſt Aſſiduity ſhall be always exerted. The Practice of Midwifery he has for ſome Years been largely engaged in, and offers his Attendance *gratis*, to every Perſon in Charles-Town, whoſe Circumſtances or Situation demand it: The POOR may alſo be aſſiſted with Advice in all Caſes, every Afternoon between the Hours of 12 and 3, oppoſite *John Izard*, Eſq; in Church-ſtreet.

☞ A firſt Floor to be let furniſhed, with other Conveniences, at Mr. WALDRON's, in Broad-ſtreet.

ATKINS & WESTON,

Have juſt imported by the Ship Carolina-Packet, *Captain* William White, *from* LONDON;

☞ Two *very* LARGE and COMPLEAT

Aſſortments of GOODS,

WHICH with RUM, SUGAR, WINE, SALT, &c. &c. they will ſell on the *moſt reaſonable Terms*, both at their *Stores* at STONO, and in CHARLES-TOWN.

JOHN GILES,

Has juſt imported in the Ship *Mary*, Captain *James Gordon*, from *LONDON*, a FRESH ASSORTMENT of

EUROPEAN *and* EAST-INDIA GOODS,

ſuitable for the preſent ſeaſon, among which are,

FASHIONABLE BROAD CLOTHS with ſuitable trimmings, duffil and bed blankets, German ſerges, Yorkſhire cloths, ſtriped and croſs-barred flannels, ſcarlet cloaks, and cardinals, India Perſians and taffaties, cotton romalls, neat fowling pieces, water plates and diſhes of all ſizes, ſhoe thread and ſpinnel, chip hats, Hanover lace, Rogers's beſt and Oroneco tobacco, Crawley's beſt broad Carolina hoes, breeding cages, London ſingle refined loaf ſugar, cloaths diaper, table cloths, yard wide Iriſh linens, platillaes, cottons for bed curtains, and many other articles too tedious to enumerate.

Lewis's beſt ſuperfine flour in whole and half barrels, milk and water bread in kegs, lately imported in the Brig Prince of Wales, Thomas Maſon, *maſter, from* PHILADELPHIA.—*Campbell's ale in bottles, from* EDINBURGH. ——*Likewiſe Jamaica, Weſt-India and northward rum, arrack, brandy, gin, rum caſes, Madera, and other wines, alſo ſalt, bar iron, plowſhear moulds, &c. are to be ſold on the moſt reaſonable terms, at his ſtore in Elliott-ſtreet.*

WILLIAM WILLIAMSON,

INTENDING to carry on the FACTORAGE BUSINESS, will eſteem himſelf ſincerely obliged to thoſe who ſhall pleaſe to favour him with the ſale of their crops, and they may be fully aſſured, that the GREATEST ATTENTION will be paid to their intereſts, and the UTMOST DILIGENCE uſed in ſending ſchooners to thoſe, who ſhall order them, to bring their crops to market. He begs leave to return his ſincere thanks to thoſe gentlemen who have been pleaſed to promiſe him their Buſineſs. Letters or orders from the gentlemen in the country, left for him at Mr. *James King's*, in Tradd-ſtreet, will be PUNCTUALLY *attended to*.

A QUANTITY of exceeding fine SPERMACETI CANDLES in Boxes, of the beſt Manufacture, to be ſold at CHARLES CROUCH's Printing-Office, in Elliott-ſtreet.

MARY KING,

MILLINER, in Tradd-ſtreet,

Hath received per the Friendſhip, *Captain* Samuel Ball, *jun. and the laſt veſſels, from* LONDON;

A COMPLEAT ASSORTMENT of MILLINARY GOODS,

Among which are,

WAX NECKLACES and EARRINGS, ſtiff chipt hats for covering, white, black, blue, and crimſon flowered ſatins, black, blue, and green pelong, faſhionable ribbons, egrets and breaſt flowers, white and black blond lace, brocade, black, and blue ſatin pumps, childrens ditto, black and white catgut, flowered and ſtriped gauzes, ditto aprons and handkerchiefs, ditto ſatin hats, cloaks, and bonnets, boys black ſatin caps and feathers, black and white oſtrich ditto for ladies hair, Hoſe's ſtuff ſhoes and pumps,

☞ A LARGE ASSORTMENT of TOYS,

with a variety of other articles, all which will be ſold *cheap* for CASH or SHORT CREDIT.

N. B. All ſorts of MILLINARY made up in the neweſt faſhions and neateſt manner, upon the SHORTEST NOTICE.

Juſt imported in the Ship Beaufain, *Captain* Curling, *from* LONDON, *and to be ſold*

By NATHANIEL BULLINE,

At his ſhop in Tradd-ſtreet, oppoſite to William Burrows, *Eſq;*

A COMPLEAT ASSORTMENT of DRUGS and MEDICINES,

Among which are,

TREACLE,
Cinnamon,
Aniſeed,
Citron,
Lavender and Hungary water,
Daffy's and Squire's elixir,
Godfrey's cordial,
Bateman's drops,
Golden and plain ſpirit of ſcurvey graſs,
Beaume de vie,
Eau de luce,
Balſam of honey,
Tincture of ſage,
Hodgſon's tincture for the itch,
Elixir of bardana,
Eſſence of pepper-mint,
Jackſon's and Stoughton's bitters,
Greenough's tincture,
White and brown candy,
Marbled perfumed waſh balls,
Marble mortars and peſtles,
Bell metal ditto,
Beſt London lancets,
Surgeon's crooked needles,
White ſkins,
Gold leaf,
Salt petre,
Sallad oil,
Black pepper,
Nutmegs,
Cloves,
Mace,
Eſſence of bergamot,
Oil of lavender,
Oil of rhodium,
Durham muſtard, and

An ASSORTMENT of GARDEN SEEDS.

With *moſt* ARTICLES uſually imported in this province, which will be ſold on the *moſt reaſonable terms*.

TO BE SOLD on Tueſday the 6th day of December next, at JOHN BUSH's, *in* Purryſburgh, *by the ſubſcriber,*

A TRACT of LAND, on Savannah river, three miles below Purryſburgh, containing 350 acres, old meaſure, fit for corn, rice, and indico, about 60 acres cleared, and under a good fence. Credit will be given to the firſt of January 1770, paying intereſt, and approved ſecurity, to

CORNELIUS DUPONT.

For LONDON,

THE SHIP

QUEEN-CHARLOTTE,

JOHN CHAMBERLING, *Maſter.*

(Having very good Accommodations for Paſſengers)

FOR FREIGHT or PASSAGE, apply to Mr. *Robert Smith*, at Mr. Maſſey's in Meeting-ſtreet, or to ſaid Maſter on board, at Burn's Wharf.

JAMES DRUMMOND, of *Tradd-ſtreet*, having made over his Effects and Books to Meſſieurs SMITH & HUNT, in Truſt for *Samuel Robinſon*, & Co. of *London*; all Perſons indebted to the ſaid JAMES DRUMMOND, are deſired immediately to pay the ſame to Mr. SMITH, thoſe to whom he is indebted to apply likewiſe.—The Stock to be diſpoſed of entire, with which credit will be given.——Likewiſe the Stock of Goods on Hand at his Country Stores, Ponpon and Cainhoy. *October 27, 1768.*

TO BE LET,

A Convenient Store and Compting-Houſe, with a dry Cellar, &c. below Mrs. Peronneau, and Meſſieurs James and William Lennox. For particulars, enquire of

JOHN M'CALL.

GOOD PARCHMENT SKINS, to be ſold by the Printer hereof, in Elliott-Street.

LONDON, AUGUST 25.

THE laſt week Lord Mansfield ſigned an *Habeas Corpus* for Mr. Bingley. Yeſterday his Lordſhip came to town, and the Sheriff's officers carried Mr. Bingley to his houſe, where, on entering into two different recognizances for his *appearance only*, on the firſt day of next term in the Court of Kings-Bench, he was diſcharged. Mr. Bingley has not entered into any recognizance *to anſwer interrogatories*, which many gentlemen of the law apprehended to be an illegal power claimed to force a man to accuſe himſelf, and that impriſonment in this manner may be made to anſwer in our country what torture does in others.

It is remarked that Mr. Bingley's is the firſt inſtance of a *Habeas Corpus* being allowed, in what a court of law has conſtrued to be a contempt. Mr. Bingley's recognizance in each caſe was 300l. and the two ſureties 150l. each.

We hear that a few days ſince Sir Jeffery Amherſt had a long private conference with a great perſonage.

AUGUST 25. His Majeſty has been pleaſed to appoint Iſaac Bevan, of Miſtley in Eſſex, Eſq; Pay-maſter of his Majeſty's forces deſtined for North-America.

Laſt week a number of anchor-ſmiths, chain-plate workers and artificers in the Iron branch for ſhipping, were engaged for Boſton and Philadelphia.

AUGUST 27. Prince Henry of Pruſſia, brother to his Pruſſian Majeſty, who is now in London, is eſteemed, by the military in general, to be one of the greateſt commanders of the age: ſome have not ſcrupled even to rank him beyond the King his brother, as being poſſeſſed of all the intrepidity, penetration, preſence of mind, and other warlike accompliſhments which characteriſe the Monarch, but happily tempered with that equally requiſite coolneſs and prudence, which the fiery ſpirit of the King, in the heat of action, ſometimes impell him to burſt through; to the imminent danger of himſelf and army.——We do not doubt but that a hero like Prince Henry, in a nation of heroes like our own, will be received and entertained with that cordiality, admiration, and reſpect, which may be naturally expected from affections ſo truly homogenial.

It is undoubtedly true, that when a penſion was offered to a certain gentleman, equal to the emoluments he formerly had, it was with the nobleſt diſdain rejected.

The proceedings of the Americans, and the meaſures lately taken here concerning them, will be productive of ſome changes in the officers in that department of affairs.

The number of conteſted elections in Ireland is prodigious: the Houſe of Commons conſiſts of three hundred members; and we are told by a gentleman of veracity from Dublin, that there will be at leaſt 150 petitions for undue returns to parliament.

The Iriſh Parliament are reſolved when they next meet, minutely to take into conſideration the penſions, with which that community is ſo heavy laden; and, if not to reſcind the whole, to retrench, at leaſt, ſome of the moſt weighty.

We hear that orders are ſent to Ireland for two more regiments to be in readineſs to embark for North-America.

BOSTON, SEPTEMBER 12.

MR. *Rogers, a native of Ireland, and a trader from Michillimakinack, and Mr. Honbough, a Dutchman, and formerly an officer in the ſervice of the ſouthern Governments, were lately murdered and robbed of all their goods, by the Pouttawatamick Indians, at the ſouth weſt end of Lake Michigan; a nation inveterate againſt the Engliſh, and much attached to the French, ſeveral of whom reſide among theſe Indians, and it is thought excited them to perpetrate the above-mentioned murders.*

Mr. James Hill Clarke, alſo an Indian trader at Miamick river, at the weſt end of Lake Erie, having ſome diſpute with his interpreter John Myers a Frenchman, Myers ſhot him through the head with his muſket, and afterwards took ſhelter among the Pouttawatamies.—Captain Turnbull, commandant at Detroit, ſent an Indian whom he could depend on, to engage them to deliver up the murderer; but it was much doubted whether he would ſucceed.

PROVIDENCE, (Rhode-Iſland) September 24.

The Honourable General Aſſembly of this colony, convened at Newport laſt week, preſented an addreſs to his Majeſty, ſetting forth the grievances the colonies labour under, by the late act of parliament, impoſing duties on ſundry articles imported from Great-Britain, and praying redreſs. Two letters were likewiſe wrote to the Earl of Hillſborough, one on the ſubject above-mentioned, deſiring him to lay the addreſs before his Majeſty, &c. the other in anſwer to that received from his lordſhip the laſt ſeſſion of aſſembly, complaining of the Maſſachuſetts circular letter; in this the houſe, far from viewing the letter in that unfavourable light repreſented by his lordſhip, have approved of the ſentiments therein contained, and lament that ſimilar, humble, dutiful and loyal addreſſes to the King, ſhould be looked upon as 'factious, diſloyal,' &c. Two circular letters were received from the Earl; mentioning the commiſſioners complaints that they were obſtructed in the execution of their office, to which anſwer was directed to be given, aſſuring his lordſhip that this colony knew of no ſuch obſtructions or any reaſon for the commiſſioners complaining. Copies of letters were alſo ordered to be forwarded, giving an account of the proceedings of the colony, in regard to the ſufferers by the riots at Newport, and urging payment of the 2700l. ſterling, ſo long due to the colony, and of late detained, 'till reſtitution ſhould be made them, or the matter compromiſed.

NEW-LONDON, SEPTEMBER 30.

At a very full meeting of the inhabitants of the town of Lebanon, on the 26th of September, 1768, convened in conſequence of the important intelligence from Boſton, intimating among other articles, their apprehenſions of the ſpeedy arrival of troops, to be quartered upon that town; the ſaid inhabitants, taking into ſerious conſideration, the diſtreſſed circumſtances in which this continent is involved, with regard to our moſt invaluable conſtitutional rights and privileges, and being fully ſenſible that an union of meaſures, at this important criſis, is abſolutely neceſſary, in order to maintain and eſtabliſh the liberties and immunities with which we have hitherto been bleſſed; take this opportunity to expreſs our moſt hearty union in ſentiments with our brethren in Boſton, in regard to our common rights, as expreſſed by their acts and reſolves paſſed in their late town meeting: And once more DO RESOLVE, That we will always maintain our duty and allegiance to our rightful Sovereign King George the Third, and with our utmoſt power, ſupport and defend his perſon, crown and dignity, againſt all his enemies and oppoſers whatſoever.——We do further Reſolve, That in ſupport of the Britiſh conſtitution, and the liberties and privileges of his Majeſty's American ſubjects, we will always, moſt dutifully and humbly remonſtrate againſt all acts impoſing duties upon us without our conſent, which, in our opinion, are inconſiſtent with the letter and ſpirit of the Britiſh conſtitution: And that we will, with the utmoſt ardour and firmneſs, exert ourſelves in every lawful, reaſonable, and conſtitutional way, in ſupport of thoſe important liberties and privileges, to which we claim an indefeaſible right as Britiſh ſubjects and freemen.

And whereas there is a threatning appearance of a rupture between the courts of Great-Britain and France, and conſidering ourſelves as the true and loyal ſubjects of our ſaid rightful Sovereign King George, and in the ſame ſituation with, and connected by the ſtrongeſt ties of relation to our fellow ſubjects in this and the neighbouring colonies——We do reſolve, to hold ourſelves in conſtant readineſs to aſſiſt them, or either of them, in caſe of any hoſtile invaſion, by the French King's troops, or any other enemy to our King, and the happy conſtitution and liberties of our country; and that we will conſider an attack upon them in the ſame light as tho' we ourſelves were the immediate ſufferers; and with a determinate, unalterable reſolution and firmneſs, we agree to aſſiſt and ſupport our American brethren at the expence of our lives and fortunes; ſhould their welfare, which is ſo intimately blended with our own, demand the ſacrifice.

Unanimouſly voted and paſſed, Atteſt

WILLIAM WILLIAMS, Town-Clerk.

BOSTON, October 3. The following was unanimouſly agreed upon as the reſult of the conference and conſultations of the Committees choſen by a number of towns and diſtricts, viz. ninety-ſix towns and eight diſtricts, conveened at Boſton the twenty-ſecond day of September, 1768.

THE inhabitants of a number of towns in his Majeſty's province of the Maſſachuſetts-Bay, being greatly alarmed at the preſent aſpect of our public affairs, and deeply diſtreſſed in their minds upon authentic advice that the humble and dutiful petitions of their repreſentatives to our moſt gracious Sovereign for the redreſs of their grivances have not reached the royal preſence: At a time when they are threatened with the poſting of regular troops among them, while they are in an unuſual manner deprived of the benefit of a General Aſſembly, the grand council of the province. And being deſirous to the utmoſt of their ability to promote peace, good order and due ſubmiſſion among their fellow ſubjects in the province, have in their ſeveral town meetings legally aſſembled, choſen us to meet together in Convention, in order to conſult and adviſe for that purpoſe, and alſo for the legal, regular and prudential methods of obtaining the redreſs of our grievances.

THE ſaid committees having met for the purpoſes aforeſaid, and after conference and conſultation on the premiſes, thought it adviſable to prefer a dutiful petition to his excellency Governor Bernard, his Majeſty's repreſentative in this province, therein ſetting forth, and explaining to his excellency, the nature and deſign of their meeting, and ſupplicating him to convene a General Aſſembly of the repreſentative body of the people: But his excellency having conſidered their thus meeting as unlawful, refuſed to receive the petition; and ſent them a meſſage, admoniſhing them to ſeparate themſelves; and alſo afterwards he refuſed to receive an anſwer which the ſaid committee thought neceſſary to ſend to his excellency in conſequence of his meſſage and admonition to them; the committee therefore conſidering that the peaceable and good intention of their convening might poſſibly be miſunderſtood, thought it neceſſary that their proceedings ſhould be made known to the world, by inſerting the ſame in the public prints, that ſo every ſuſpicion of any illegal deſign or behaviour might be removed.

And the ſaid committees conſidering themſelves only as ſo many private fellow-ſubjects, conveened from divers towns in this province, at the requeſt of their inhabitants, have made known to each other the loyal and dutiful diſpoſition of the ſame; and their deſire that no irregular ſteps ſhould be taken by the people, but that all conſtitutional and prudential methods ſhould be cloſely attended to, for the redreſs of their grievances; and ſaid committees, in purſuance of the pacific intention of their meeting, have conſidered that the gracious attention of his ſacred Majeſty to the cauſe and grounds of our complaints, is the only regular ſource of relief from our preſent diſtreſſes; and that the Houſe of Repreſentatives in February laſt, did in their faithful care and concern for the intereſt and welfare of this province, prefer ſuch a petition to his ſacred Majeſty as by them was thought beſt adapted to obtain relief; and at the ſame time did write letters to divers noble Lords and others, to intreat their attention to our public difficulties: Which petition to his Majeſty, we are in hopes has before this time reached the Royal Preſence, and will ere long have the deſired effect.

And as we cannot but ſtill entertain the hopes that his excellency our Governor will ſoon think fit to call a houſe of repreſentatives, who may, if they ſee occaſion therefor, prefer further petitions to his Majeſty for our redreſs; we are therefore humbly of opinion, and flatter ourſelves it will not be taken amiſs if we declare, and which we are aſſured is the ſentiment of the ſeveral towns to which we belong, that though the preſent appearance of our public affairs is alarming and diſtreſſing, yet that the common cauſe of obtaining the redreſs of the heavy grievances under which we labour, will be beſt ſerved by a firm adherrence to the principles of the conſtitution, and a cloſe attention to the peace and good order of ſociety. And though we are ſatisfied from the knowledge we have of the loyalty and attachment of the inhabitants of this province to the perſon and government of our moſt gracious ſovereign, that any tumults and diſorders that may have happened, have not ariſen from the leaſt diſaffection to the Government as by law eſtabliſhed, or the want of loyalty to our king on the Britiſh throne, but merely from a preſſing anxiety of mind on the account of heavy and increaſing grievances—— which grievances were very clearly ſet forth by the houſe of repreſentatives of this province in February laſt, in the aforeſaid petition and letters, wherein they expreſs their deepeſt concern that the parliament has thought proper to paſs divers acts impoſing taxes on his Majeſty's ſubjects in America, with the ſole and expreſs purpoſe of raiſing a revenue; and they add, "that if theſe acts of parliament ſhould remain in force, and his Majeſty's commons in Great-Britain ſhall continue to exerciſe the power of granting the property of their fellow ſubjects in this province, his Majeſty's people here muſt then regret their unhappy fate in having only the name left of free ſubjects."——And in their letter to their agent they ſay, "that the coloniſts cannot be conceived to have any property, if their money may be granted away by others without their conſent, and that this is moſt certainly the preſent caſe." And ſpeaking of a ſtanding army, they appeal to the tranſactions of the parliament to ſhew the ſentiments of the nation of the loyalty of this province, and juſtly affirm that their good diſpoſition renders a ſtanding army needleſs: they further declare that as Engliſhmen they have an averſion to an unneceſſary ſtanding army, which they look upon as dangerous to their civil liberty. And further, "that the time may come when an united body of penſioners and ſoldiers may ruin the liberties of America." Yet conſidering the invaluable bleſſing and happy conſequences of peace and good order, and the great advantages reſulting therefrom, for producing convincing arguments and placing truth in the moſt conſpicuous point of view; and alſo conſidering the horrible nature and dreadful conſequences of tumult and diſorder, we think it our duty, as friends to our common cauſe, as embarked in the ſame bottom of provincial happineſs, to give our free and ſincere advice, not in an authoritative, but merely a friendly manner, that we ſhould all of us compoſe our minds, and avoid any undue expreſſions of reſentment, and each one of us prevent ſo much as in him lies, all tumults and diſorders into which our preſent calamities may betray us; and to attend with all due patience, and a good order, the reſult of his Majeſty's wiſdom and clemency, from whence we reaſonably expect to receive our much deſired relief.

And it is our firm reſolution, in our ſeveral ſtations, as by our allegiance required, and by our loyalty inclined, at all times, yield every poſſible aſſiſtance to the civil magiſtrate, in the ſuppreſſion of riots and tumults, and in preſerving peace; being humbly of opinion, that the *poſſe comitatus* when legally called in aid of the civil power, will ever be ſufficient to reſtrain all orders of men within the bounds of the law, and the limits of the conſtitution. We, from the bottom of our hearts, not only diſclaim and deteſt all pretence of "uſurping" any of the "rights of ſovereignty," but alſo of arrogating to ourſelves any the leaſt authority whatever. We clearly hold, and whenever lawfully called thereunto, will at the utmoſt hazard of our lives and fortunes maintain that the "ſovereignty" of his moſt ſacred Majeſty King George the third is already "entire" in all parts of the widely extended and ſtill happily ſpreading Britiſh empire: And may God forbid that we ſhould ever more be left to think or wiſh, much leſs to act any thing in "Oppugnation" of the ſame. "Ignorance of the law" neihter in a court temporal or ſpiritual, is a proper "plea" or "excuſe." We would appear not as attorneys, proctors or pettyfoggers, but as plain honeſt men, humbly conſulting peace and order, and for the beſt temporal felicity of our country and of poſterity. We would wiſh as far as is in our power ever to promote and cultivate that harmony and union between Great-Britain and her colonies, on which the happineſs of both ſo much depend. We think ourſelves happy in being connected with the parent ſtate, in that ſubordination, which forms the happieſt bond of union between the colonies themſelves. We have been taught, that it is the duty of all men, inceſſantly to implore the throne of heavenly grace; and have but lately heard there are thoſe who deem it criminal for aggrieved fellow ſubjects to join in humble, dutiful and loyal ſupplications to their monarch. While the people wiſely obſerve the medium between an abject ſubmiſſion, and a ſlaviſh ſtupidity, under grievous ſuppreſſions on the one hand, and irrational attempts to obtain redreſs on the other, and ſteadily perſevere in orderly and conſtitutional applications, for the recovering the exerciſe of their juſt rights and liberties, they may promiſe themſelves ſucceſs. And while they ſtedfaſtly maintain theſe invaluable bleſſings which are derived to them from God and nature, and the happy conſtitution of the government under which we live, they may ſafely rely on the influence and direction of him who ruleth according to his pleaſure with unerring wiſdom, and irreſiſtible influence, in the hearts of the children of men; under whoſe favour no grievance can be durable, and without which no enjoyment can be truly valuable.

OCTOBER 10. We hear from Roxbury, that one day laſt week, near 60 young women of that place, met together at the miniſter's houſe, early in the morning, and gave Mrs. Adams the materials for, and the ſpinning of, above one hundred ſcore of linen yarn, ſuch an unuſual and beautiful appearance drew a great number of ſpectators from town and country, who all expreſſed the higheſt ſatisfaction at ſuch an example of induſtry. It gives the greateſt pleaſure to find that the manufacture of cloth, &c. makes ſuch a rapid progreſs amongſt us, as this ſeems to be the only conſtitutional way in which we are like to obtain relief from thoſe intolerable burdens which are laid upon us: The importation of Britiſh manufactures will ſoon decreaſe; and our preſent difficulties probably iſſue in the ruin of the manufactures of Great-Britain, and the wealth and increaſe of the colonies; the averſion to Britiſh manufactures increaſes in proportion to the meaſures taken to impoveriſh and enſlave us.

[*For other* Boſton Intelligence, *ſee the Supplement.*]

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CHARLES-TOWN, NOVEMBER 1.

ABOUT three o'Clock on Sunday Afternoon, his Excellency the Right Honourable Lord CHARLES GREVILLE MONTAGU, our Governor, with his Lady, &c. returned here by Land from the Northward. His Lordſhip was ſaluted on his Landing, by the Forts in Town and at Fort-Johnſon.

Daniel Heyward and Stephen Drayton, Eſquires, are elected Members of the Honourable Commons Houſe of Aſſembly, for the Pariſh of St. Luke.

We learn that John Stuart, Eſq; Superintendant of Indian Affairs, has finiſhed the Congreſs with the Cherokee Indians, having concluded the Treaty ratifying the Boundary Line between their Lands and the Provinces of South-Carolina, North-Carolina, and Virginia; but they have put off marking the Line behind Virginia till next Spring; and that the Superintendant was ſoon to ſet out for Mr. Galphin's at Silver-Bluff, in order to meet ſundry of the principal Chiefs of the Creek Indians.

We learn from Dominico, that all the French Ports are ſhut up, and that no Engliſh Veſſels are admitted to go into any of them.

Laſt Week Edward Thomas, Eſq; returned to Town from the Back Settlements, where he has been for ſix Months paſt, enjoying all the while a good State of Health.——This Gentleman was very genteely entertained by every one in thoſe Parts, eſpecially by James Kerſhaw, Eſq; at Camden; and Alexander Kerſhaw, Eſq; at Rocky-Mount.

MARRIED.] Mr. Samuel Thomas, Grand-Son of Edward Thomas, Eſq; to Miſs Jane Douxſaint, Daughter of Paul Douxſaint, Eſq.——John Colcock, Eſq; to Miſs Millicent Jones, Daughter of Mr. John Jones, deceaſed.

DIED.] At St. Auguſtine, William Greening, Eſq; Naval-Officer, and Regiſter of Grants in Eaſt-Florida.——In this Town, Mr. Ezekiel David, Merchant.——Mr. John Warburton.

Price of RICE 7os. per Hundred Weight.

Oct. CUSTOM-HOUSE, ENTRIES INWARD. *From*

26th. Brig Jeanie, Robert Eaſon, Greenock
Ship Kingſton, Benjamin Thompſon, Liverpool
Ship William & Elizabeth, David Young, Antigua
Schooner Betſey, Benjamin Appelbee, Providence
27th. Schooner Thorogood, George Brown, St. Auguſtine
Schooner Betſey, Thomas Malcom, Providence
Brig Friendſhip, Thomas Daw, St. Kitts
Schooner Sally, James Anderſon, Georgia
28th. Ship Lillies, Herculus Angus, Borough-ſtonneſs
Brig Anne, John Maxted, Dominico
31ſt. Schooner Mary, John Doran, St. Auguſtine
Sloop Billarius, Benjamin Penniſton, St. Euſtatia
Brig Philadelphia-Packet, Benjamin Clifford, London
Sloop Altitude, John Rains, Bonaire

Oct. ENTRIES OUTWARD. *For*

27th. Sloop Montagu, Richard Todd, Jamaica
Schooner Thoregood, George Brown, St. Auguſtine
28th. Schooner Diamond, Thomas Diamond, Ditto
29th. Brig Friendſhip, Thomas Daw, Cowes
31ſt. Brig St. Auguſtine-Packet, Richard Savery, London

Oct. CLEARED FOR DEPARTURE. *For*

26th. Schooner Polly, Benjamin Newton, Providence
29th. Schooner Thorogood, George Brown, St. Auguſtine
31ſt. Schooner Little-Nancy, Joſeph Thompſon, Providence

New Advertiſements.

JOHN SCOTT,

Has juſt imported in the Brig Philadelphia-Packet, *Captain* Benjamin Clifford, *from* LONDON;

A FRESH ASSORTMENT of GOODS,

which he will ſell on the *moſt reaſonable Terms*, at his Store on the Bay.

SAMUEL GROVE, & Co.

Have juſt imported in the Ship Beaufain, *Captain* Curling, *from* LONDON;

A Variety of ſuperfine broad cloths and trimmings, Bath coating, huſſar cloaks, bordered and Scotch handkerchiefs, oznabrugs, plated and pinchbeck ſhoe buckles, rice and raying ſieves, fan riddles, cotton and ſilk hoſe, &c. and ſundry other articles, too tedious to mention, are to be ſold at their ſtore in Beaufort.——N. B. A ſmall TURKEY CARPET, MYRTLE WAX, and SHEEP's WOOL, to be ſold by SAMUEL GROVE, in Charles-Town.

BENJAMIN & EDWARD SIMONS,

TAKES this Method of returning Thanks to their Friends, for their paſt Favours, and acquaints them and the Public, that they CONTINUE the FACTORAGE BUSINESS as uſual, and as they make it their Study to give Satisfaction, they hope for a CONTINUANCE of their BUSINESS.

TO BE SOLD at public Outcry,

On Monday the 21ſt of this Inſtant, November, at the Houſe lately occupied by SAMUEL PERONNEAU, *deceaſed*;

ALL the Perſonal Eſtate of the ſaid deceaſed, conſiſting of ſeveral valuable Negroes, Houſhold Furniture, Plate, a handſome Fowling Piece, a Sailing Boat compleat, two Horſes, a Cow, and ſundry other Articles.

PETER MANIGAULT, Adminiſtrator.

ANDREW LORD,

Has imported in the laſt Veſſels from LONDON *and* BRISTOL,

A compleat Aſſortment of GOODS,

ſuitable for the approaching SEASON, viz.

A GREAT variety of low priced purple and dark ground cottons and calicoes, neat bed patterns of different colours, crow coloured mantuas, quite free from ſpots, with other ſilks, he will ſell lower than the common advance; white, blue and green PLAINS, purple half-thicks, broad cloths of all colours and prices, German ſerges, exceeding good claret, Ben Kenton's porter, porter in caſks, bottled cyder, Cheſhire and Glouceſter CHEESE, London loaf ſugar, both ſingle and double refined, teas of different ſorts, &c. &c.

N. B. A Quantity of black leather NEGRO SHOES at 17/6 a pair.

☞ A quantity of CAMBLETS, fit for *negro wenches gowns*, at 6/3 a yard. tbetf.

TO BE SOLD on Saturday the 10th Day of December next, at the Houſe of the Subſcriber, part of the Eſtate of HENRY RICHARDSON, *deceaſed*,

CONSISTING of a very good COASTING SCHOONER, well known in this Place by the Name of the SCHOONER PITT, with four VALUABLE BOATMEN, belonging to the ſaid Schooner, alſo ſundry other Articles.

ELIZABETH RICHARDSON, Executrix.

For LONDON,

(To ſail this Month)

THE SHIP

CAROLINA-PACKET,

WILLIAM WHITE, MASTER.

(Having the beſt Accommodations for PASSENGERS.)

FOR Freight or Paſſage, apply to Mr. THOMAS SMITH, in Broad-ſtreet, or ſaid Maſter.

Who has a few caſks of LONDON PORTER, and a cheſt of fine HYSON TEA to diſpoſe of.

TO BE SOLD on Monday the 21ſt of November, inſtant, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the houſe of the late Mr. EZEKIEL DAVID, *Merchant, in Elliott-ſtreet*;

ALL the remaining effects of the deceaſed, conſiſting of ſundry articles, viz.—Mens hats, a large aſſortment of hard ware, pewter, ribbons, medicines, &c. Madera wine, white wine vinegar, houſhold furniture, wearing apparel, and ſundry other articles, too tedious to mention.—As alſo a negro wench. The conditions of the ſale to be made known at that time.

N. B. All perſons anyways indebted to the eſtate of the deceaſed, are hereby deſired to make immediate payment to the ſubſcriber; and all perſons to whom the eſtate is indebted are hereby deſired to bring in their accounts properly atteſted, to

JOSEPH WILLIAMS, Executor.

☞ A compleat ſet of SLEDING SASHES, for a large dining room, to be ſold likewiſe.

GRIFFITH & CAPE,

Have imported in the Ship Mary, James Gordon, *maſter, from* LONDON;

A CARGO of GOODS,

Fit for the WINTER SEASON, among which are the following articles, viz.

BROAD CLOTHS with trimmings, among which is a piece of ſcarlet colour on one ſide, and blue on the other, duffil and bed blankets, fine blue and white cotton and chints bed-furniture, blue and white callicoes, double purple ditto, India chints, fine white callico and chints, bed bunts, cotten counterpanes, womens ſtuff coats, duffil and fearnought great-coats, ditto jackets, matraſſes, mens new faſhioned hats, boys caſtor and beaver ditto, felt ditto, coarſe yarn hoſe, men and womens worſted, cotton, and thread ditto, cypreſs, figured, and ſprigged gauze, gauze handkerchiefs, minionet lawn, Barcelona handkerchiefs, figured mode, crimſon figured ſatin, half yard, and half ell bombazine, crow coloured mantua, black alamode, fine black paduſoy, green, black, white, blue, cream coloured, and ſtriped India Perſians, blond lace, black ditto, Bruſſels ditto, chipt hats, ſcarlet cloaks and cardinals, flowered mode cardinals, ſatin ditto, faſhionable black ſatin hats and bonnets, plain and figured ribbons, White-chapel and common needles, mens neat buck and doe-ſkin London made breeches, brown rolls, Iriſh oznabrugs and ſheeting linen, huckaback, Iriſh and Hamburgh diaper, damaſk and diaper table cloths, neat ſets of damaſk tabling, long lawns, book muſlin, Iriſh linen of all prices, neat ſets of table and tea china, enameled and blue and white china tureens, ditto plates, bowls, cups, and ſaucers, Crowley's broad hoes and felling axes, with other iron ware, an aſſortment of pewter, large mahogany ſconce glaſſes, with gilt edges, dreſſing and ſwing ditto, mahogany waiters, fine hyſon and bohea tea, blue raſins of the ſun, in jars and caſks, currants in jars, almonds, black pepper, ſingle and refined loaf ſugar, mens neat ſaddles, portmantuas, neat fowling pieces, and piſtols, Oronoco and common tobacco, beſt Scotch pigtail ditto.

Juſt imported in the Brig Jeanie, *Captain* Robert Eaſon, *from* GREENOCK;

HIGH and low-dried Scotch ſnuff, ſhot of all ſizes, an aſſortment of drinking glaſſes, tumblers, decanters, &c. womens purple gloves, white ditto, blank books, writing paper, Mogul and Henry VIII. cards, walnuts, capers, gerkins, ketchup, ſweet oil in quart and pint bottles, Durham muſtard, Turlington's balſam, linſeed oil in jugs, roll brimſtone, white lead in oil, lamblack, Flanders ticks, gilt trunks and portmantuas, ivory combs, tortoiſe-ſhell ditto in caſes, knives and forks, raſors in fiſh-ſkin caſes, ſhaving boxes, powder machines, backgammon tables, ſhot pouches, cloaths, flaſkets, linen and cotton ſtripes and checks, clear lawns, cambricks, with ſundry other articles, which they will ſell at their ſtore on the Bay, on ſuch terms, as they hope will be ſatisfactory to their cuſtomers, whom they will always endeavour to oblige, and hope for a continuance of their favours.——They have for ſale Madera and Vidonia WINE, by the pipe, quarter-caſk, or dozen, warranted good; alſo Jamaica and Weſt-India RUM, Muſcovado SUGAR, &c.

N. B. They have likewiſe imported a SMALL ASSORTMENT of the *beſt* LONDON CORDAGE, conſiſting of 6 and 7 inch cable, and ſmall rope, which they will ſell at 11l. 10s. per cent.——A PARCEL of COPPER-PLATE LINENS, fit for the SPANISH TRADE, to be EXCHANGED for other GOODS, or ſold at PRIME COST, for CASH.

For LONDON,

THE BRIGANTINE

ST. AUGUSTINE-PACKET,

RICHARD SAVERY, MASTER.

(Will ſail about the 10th of November)

HAS the greateſt part of her Cargo engaged. For Freight of the remainder, apply to the ſaid Maſter on board, at *Burn's* Wharf.

DOCTOR MOORE takes this Method of acquainting his Friends, that he has removed from the Bay to Mrs. *Blamyer's* in Meeting-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite to *Daniel Blake*, Eſquire.

For LIVERPOOL,

THE SLOOP

TWO-ARTHURS,

JOHN ROWNEY, MASTER.

(A ſtrong Britiſh built Veſſel, burthen about 300 Barrels of Rice, and may be immediately diſpatched)

ANY Perſon inclinable to treat for all or part, may apply to ſaid Maſter on board, at *Dandridge's* Wharf, or to NEWMAN SWALLOW.

N. B. A *few* IRISH FAMILIES, Paſſengers in the above Veſſel, to be indented for their PASSAGE-MONEY. Apply as above.

THE Subſcriber having procured a good Hand, who underſtands his Buſineſs as well as any other Perſon whatever, gives this public NOTICE to his Friends and Cuſtomers, that he can ſupply them with SOAP and CANDLES, made of the beſt Materials, and at as eaſy a Rate as can be had any where elſe in Town, by applying to him at his Houſe in King-ſtreet, near Mr. John Marley's.

THOMAS FULLALOVE.

MR. ALEXANDER BURN, informs me of his having taken up a ſtrayed horſe of a brown bay colour, with a black mane and tail, branded on the mounting buttock R, (with a ſaddle and bridle). The owner muſt prove his property before

October 28, 1768. JOHN TROUP, J. P.

TO BE SOLD under the FIRST COST *and* CHARGES,

EIGHT French Chairs, two ſofas, and three Curtains compleat, with rich carved Cornice, covered with Crimſon Silk Damaſk, and ſpare Check Covers.——Good Bills of Exchange, or Rice will be taken in payment, or Credit given if required, paying Intereſt.

tbetf. THOMAS GADSDEN.

RUN-AWAY the 22d of June laſt, from the ſubſcriber, a negro wench named SUE,

of a yellowiſh complexion, formerly the property of Captain LANDER, deceaſed; ſhe is ſuppoſed to be either harboured at, or near Aſhley-ferry, where ſhe lived, or in or near Charles-Town, where ſhe is well acquainted, having been lately ſeen in Anſonſbourgh. Whoever apprehends the ſaid wench, and delivers her to me in Charles-Town, ſhall receive FIVE POUNDS reward; any perſon giving information of her being harboured, if by a white perſon, ſhall receive a reward of TWENTY POUNDS, or if by a negro FIVE POUNDS, upon conviction of the offender.

JOHN BEALE.

STOLEN or STRAYED from Mr. William Maſſey's door, on Saturday the 30th of October, inſtant, about ſeven o'clock in the evening, a LIKELY BAY GELDING, about 14 hands high, with a ſwitch mane and tail, is in very good order, about eight or nine years old, branded on the mounting ſhoulder thus T, he was bred at Mr. Thomas Bulline's plantation, Gooſe-Creek; he had on a new ſaddle, ſurfingle, and ſaddle cloth, &c. double reind, and double bitted bridle. If ſtolen, whoever will take and deliver the ſaid horſe together with the thief, on full conviction, ſhall receive a reward of TWENTY POUNDS currency, or for the delivering the ſaid horſe, together with the ſaddle, bridle, &c. to James Skirving, jun. Eſq; the preſent owner, or to Mr. Francis Greenſword, or the ſubſcriber, ſhall be entituled to a reward of FIVE POUNDS currency, and no queſtions aſked.

October 31, 1768. THOMAS STONE.

St. Paul's pariſh, October 24, 1768.

STOLEN from the ſubſcriber's plantation, near HORSE-SAVANNAH, in the night between the 20th and 21ſt days of this inſtant, a BRIGHT BAY MARE, riſing 4 years old, *half Engliſh blooded*, between 14 and 15 hands high, lately branded on one of her ſhoulders EP, has a ſmall ſtar in her forehead, and is remarkable for having both her hind legs white, near as far up as her knees. I will give a reward of TEN POUNDS, with reaſonable charges, to any perſon that will deliver the ſaid mare to me, and FIFTY POUNDS to any perſon that will give information of the thief, if a white perſon, and TWENTY POUNDS if a negro, on conviction of the offender.

EDWARD PERRY.

St. Paul's pariſh, October 25, 1768.

MOSES HANSCOME of Beach-Hill, brought to me to be tolled the two following GELDINGS, which he took from a run-away negro, at Beach-Hill, the 20th inſtant, viz.

A BROWN BAY, about 14 hands high, branded on the mounting ſhoulder IG, or ſomething like it, is a trotter, and appears to be about 9 years old.

A BRIGHT BAY, between 13 and 14 hands high, with a ſtar in his forehead, branded on the mounting ſhoulder M, his off hind, and his mounting fore hoofs white, is a trotter, and appears to be about 8 years old. The owner or owners of the above geldings, muſt prove their property before EDWARD PERRY, J. P.

STRAYED into the plantation of *Mr. Daniel Cannon*, at Gooſe-Creek, a SORREL HORSE, with a white mane and tail, and his four feet white, about 13 and an half hands high, branded thus HE in one, on the mounting ſhoulder. The owner muſt prove his property before

October 31, 1768. JOHN REMINGTON, J. P.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtates of WILLIAM CARTWRIGHT, and WILLIAM RICHARD FORD, deceaſed, both late of the Pariſh of St. Bartholomew, are deſired to make immediate payment; and all thoſe to whom the ſaid Eſtates is indebted are deſired to ſend in their Accounts properly atteſted, to

KEZIAH FORD, A. and E. or
THOMAS RADCLIFFE, jun. do. do.

BROUGHT TO THE WORK-HOUSE.

July 22, 1767. A new negro fellow, calls himſelf *Boſſet*, and ſays his maſter's name is *Bobby*; he is about five feet ſix inches high, full faced, and has the mark of a ſhot on his left thigh, which he ſaid was done by his maſter; has on an old white negro cloth jacket and yellow breeches; and was taken up at Mr. Ball's plantation, Silk-Hope.

September 30. A negro wench of the Angola country, who calls herſelf JENNY, but can't tell her maſter's name; ſhe is a ſhort wench, of a yellow complexion, with very ſmall breaſts; ſhe has on an old white negro cloth wrapper and petticoat. Taken up at Mr. Waring's plantation at Beach-Hill.

July 17, 1768. A negro fellow born in Jamaica, calls himſelf *James Williams*, and his maſter *Thomas Wheeler*, that he lives in Kingſton, Jamaica, and was hired to one *Davis*, firſt Lieutenant of the Sterling-Caſtle, and that he left her at Cape-Fear; he is 5 feet 9 inches high, thin faced, has a cut on his noſe, and branded on his right ſhoulder M R, alſo the mark of a ſhot juſt below his left knee, which he ſays was done at the ſiege of the Havanna, he has on a white negro cloth jacket and oznabrug trowſers. Taken up in Charles-Town.

At SHERMAN's STORE in Tradd-ſtreet, *almoſt oppoſite to* WILLIAM BURROWS, *Eſq*;

IS MADE and MENDED on the ſhorteſt Notice, All Sorts of TIN WARE, as cheap as can be imported. 6 w.

VILLEPONTOUX & WARING,

GIVES this LAST NOTICE to all Perſons indebted to them, that their ſeveral Bonds, Notes, and Accounts, muſt be diſcharged on or before the firſt Day of January next; their Co-partnerſhip has expired a conſiderable Time, and they cannot in Juſtice to themſelves, continue in Town, (at a great Expence) merely to wait the Convenience of their Friends. 6 w.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

WHEREAS at a Court of General Seſſions of the Peace, Oyer and Terminer, Aſſize and General Goal Delivery, begun and holden at Charles-Town, on Monday the 17th Day of Octobor Inſtant, Colonel *Robert Rivers*, *Thomas Rivers*, junior, *Joſeph Sealy*, *Zachariah Villepontoux*, *Abraham Heyne*, *George Scott*, *Chriſtopher Wilkinſon*, *Thomas Wade*, and *Rene Ritchbourg*, being duly ſworn and returned to ſerve as Grand Jurors; and *Nathaniel Broughton*, *Alexander Rantowle*, *Jacob Motte*, junior, *Anthony Toomer*, *John Boone*, *Jacob Zan*, *Paul Lepaar*, *Thomas Godfrey*, *William Flud*, *William Carwithin*, *John Champany*, *John Izard*, *William Dewis*, *Joſeph Scott*, *Iſaac Fondin*, *Daniel M'Gregor*, *Joſiah Allſton*, and *John Heyward*, as Petit Jurors, made Default, and were noted for Non-appearance: THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, that the former will be fined in the Sum of TEN POUNDS PROCLAMATION MONEY each, and the latter in the Sum of FIVE POUNDS LIKE MONEY each, unleſs they ſhall reſpectively make good and ſufficient Excuſes, upon Oath, for their Non-attendance, on or before Monday the 7th Day of November next.

D. CAMPBELL, C. C. & P.

Crown-Office, Octobor 20, 1768.

Charles-Town, Octobor 22, 1768.

THE Honourable the Church Commiſſioners, are hereby ſummoned to meet in the COUNCIL CHAMBER, on Wedneſday the 2d Day of November next, at 11 o'Clock in the Forenoon.

By Order of his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor,
JAMES JOHNSTON, Clerk.

Wilſon, Coram, Wayne, & Co.

Have juſt imported in the Friendſhip, Captain Samuel Ball, *jun. from* LONDON;

A *compleat* ASSORTMENT of GOODS,

among which in particular are,

NEAT BROCADED LUTESTRINGS, Iriſh LINENS, CALLICOES, printed LINENS, CHECKS, OZNABRUGS, Bridport SAIL CLOTH, ſuperfine BROAD CLOTHS, Yorkſhire ditto, Bohea, Green, and Hyſon TEA, with a general Aſſortment of IRONMONGERY, and SHIP CHANDLERY.

N. B. They have alſo to diſpoſe of a few Pipes of GENUINE LONDON MADERA, a few Hampers of RED PORT, and CHERRY, coarſe and fine SALT, BAR IRON, Muſcovado SUGAR, &c. 2m.

At S T O T T's
MANCHESTER-WARE-HOUSE,

IN BEADON's-ALLEY,

JUST imported in the CAROLINA-PACKET, *Captain* WHITE, *from* LONDON;

A LARGE Aſſortment of printed cottons, cambletts, ſcarlet cloaks and cardinals, worſted and woollen hoſe, oſnabrugs, garlix, princeſs linen, Kenting handkerchiefs, Iriſh linens, and ſundry other articles, which will be ſold upon very reaſonable terms, for ready money.

N. B. A cheſt of bohea TEA to be diſpoſed of together, at a low advance.

GEORGE THOMSON,

Has juſt imported in the Ship Mary, *Capt.* James Gordon, *from* LONDON;

An ASSORTMENT of GOODS,

fit for the WINTER SEASON, among which are,

PLAIN and figured SILKS for Ladies Gowns, plain, ſtriped and ſprigged MUSLINS, Satin and Callimanco PUMPS and SHOES, &c. which with his former Stock, he will ſell on the moſt reaſonable Terms, at his Store in Tradd-ſtreet.——N. B. A few Barrels of KENTON's LONDON PORTER, to be ſold as above.

THE Subſcriber has opened his DANCING-SCHOOL for the Winter Seaſon. ANDREW RUTLEDGE.

TO BE SOLD at public vendue, at the uſual place in Charles-Town, on Tueſday the 6th of December next,

THE HOUSE up the path, lately belonging to *Francis Perry*, deceaſed; the HOUSE and GARDEN is ſo well known, that a deſcription is needleſs. The conditions of the ſale will be made known on that day.

JOHN MARLEY,
THOMAS BUCKLE, } Executors.

CATHARINE STOLL having adminiſtered upon the Eſtate of her Huſband JACOB STOLL, late of Beach-Hill, deceaſed, deſires all Perſons anyways indebted thereto to make ſpeedy Payment, and thoſe to whom the Eſtate is indebted are alſo deſired immediately to bring in their Accounts properly atteſted, in order that they may be ſettled, by CATHARINE STOLL, Adminiſtratrix.

ABSENTED herſelf from the ſubſcriber, on the 21ſt of September laſt, a middle ſized NEGRO WENCH, named BETTY, this country born, has a father and mother at Mr. JOHN ROSE's plantation, at *Hobcaw*, and a huſband at Miſs HOLLIDUSH's plantation on Wando neck, where ſhe may be harboured, but moſt likely in this town, being well known, and very artful in concealing herſelf. She formerly belonged to Dr. SAMUEL CARSE, ſhe has ſeveral marks to be known by, as a lump under each ear, made with boring her ears, and ſeveral large bunches on her cheſt; this is to forewarn any perſon whatever from harbouring her, and all maſters of veſſels upon their peril to carry her off, as they will be proſecuted as the law directs. Whoever will bring her home to me, or deliver her to the warder of the Work-houſe, ſhall receive FIVE POUNDS reward, from

Octobor 17, 1768. MARY STOKES.

ALL Kinds of Blanks uſed in this Province, and good Writing Paper, to be ſold by CHARLES CROUCH, in Elliott-ſtreet.

TO BE SOLD at public vendue, at the uſual place in Charles-Town, on Thurſday the 10th of November next,

SEVEN NEGRO SLAVES, *viz.*

TWO good houſe wenches and cooks—one negro fellow a ſhip-carpenter—one ditto a light cooper—one ditto uſed to the water, and is a ſawyer and porter——two very ſprightly boys, one of them a *mulatto*.

Alſo the indentures of two negro ſhip-carpenters, that uſed to work with Mr. Nathaniel Reaſon, one of them has twenty-one months to ſerve, the other fifteen months. Any perſon that chuſes to ſee all, or any of the above negroes before the ſale, may, but they will not be diſpoſed off till the above day. Six months credit will be given, paying intereſt from the day of ſale. CHARLES WARHAM.

For LONDON,
THE SHIP
AMERICA,
JOHN RAINIER, Maſter.
(Will ſail by the 15th or 20th of November at fartheſt)

FOR FREIGHT of Indico, Deer-Skins, and Paſſage, having good Accommodations. Apply to ſaid Maſter, or to ANDREW LORD.

GEORGE ANCRUM, & Co.

HAVE juſt imported per the Beaufain, *Captain* Curling, *from* LONDON;

A Neat and general Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST INDIA GOODS, which are to be ſold at their Store in Broad-ſtreet, on the *moſt reaſonable Terms*.

THOMAS CHARNOCK,

HAS juſt imported in the CAROLINA-PACKET, *Captain* WHITE, *from* LONDON;

AN Aſſortment of Yorkſhire cloths, bed blankets, coverlids, &c. which with his former ſtock on hand, he will diſpoſe of on very reaſonable terms at his ſtore in Church-ſtreet.

JOHNSTON & SIMPSON,

HAVE juſt imported in the MARY, *Capt.* GORDON, *from* LONDON;

A GENERAL Aſſortment of EAST-INDIA and EUROPEAN GOODS, which they will diſpoſe of on reaſonable terms at their ſtore on the Bay.

N. B. A few barrels of Ben Kenton's PORTER.

WILLIAM SIMPSON,

HAS imported in Captains WHITE, GORDON, *and other veſſels from* BRITAIN,

An ASSORTMENT of GOODS,

ſuitable for the ſeaſon, which are to be ſold at his ſtore in Tradd-ſtreet, viz.

BROAD cloths with trimmings, white, green and blue PLAINS, ſwanſkin, brown rolls, heſſians, oſnabrug, raven duck, brown and white ſheeting, Iriſh linens, 3-4th and 7-8th garlix, bohea tea, loaf ſugar, pepper, cinnamon and nutmegs, ſewing ſilks, ribbons, ladies ſilk mitts and gloves, figured ſatins and modes of different colours, peeling and Engliſh perſians.——He has likewiſe imported from GLASGOW, 6-4th ſewed lawns needle-work, handkerchiefs and aprons of the moſt ſprightly patterns. Whoever favours him with their commiſſions may rely upon his attention to execute them punctually.

N.B. Any ladies inclining to purchaſe the painted gauzes by the piece, may have them very cheap.

WILLIAM JOHNSON,

Late of the Co-partnerſhip of TROUT & JOHNSON,

TAKES this method to acquaint the public, and his friends in particular, that he has opened a SHOP on Charles Elliott, Eſquire's, wharf, near the Vendue-Houſe, where he carries on the Smith's buſineſs in its various branches. Such gentlemen as pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom, may depend on diſpatch, and having their work done in a workman-like manner.

N. B. Orders from the country will meet with immediate diſpatch.

JONES & RICHARDSON,

Have juſt received a SUPPLY *of* GOODS, *per the* Beaufain, *Captain* Curling, *from* LONDON, *and by the* laſt Veſſels *from* BRISTOL, *which with what they before had on Hand make*

A COMPLEAT ASSORTMENT,

and will be ſold *reaſonably*, at their Store in Broad-ſtreet.

THE Subſcriber begs leave to inform the Public in general, that he has taken the Houſe in *Market-ſquare*, lately in the Poſſeſſion of Mr. MICHAEL JORDAN, where his Friends and Cuſtomers may depend on meeting with the *beſt of* LIQUORS, and *good Uſage*, from

Their moſt humble Servant,
JOHN MOORE.

N. B. COFFEE, TEA, and CHOCOLATE, from 7 to 10 o'Clock in the Forenoon, and from 4 to 8 in the Afternoon.

For S A L E,

EITHER a part or the whole of a LOT of LAND, ſituate in George-ſtreet, in Anſonſbourg, 100 feet front, and 162 feet deep. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may apply to JOHN MATTHEWS.

Who hereby acquaints his friends, that he hath not yet ſold his NEGRO SHOE-MAKERS, therefore can ſupply them with BOOTS, SHOES, &c. as uſual. Likewiſe for ſale, a quiet, orderly NEGRO WENCH, who is a good waſher. Enquire as above.

WILLIAM GODDIN, overſeer to JOHN LLOYD, Eſq; at the plantation on Aſhley-ferry road, informs me of one WHITE GELDING, 12 hands and an half high, branded on the near ſhoulder ŁJ joining, is a pacer, aged, and flea-bitten, having ſtrayed into the ſaid plantation.

ALSO of one BLACK GELDING, 13 hands high, branded on the near ſhoulder R P, has a blaze in his face, is aged and a pacer, and ſtrayed into the ſame plantation. The owner or owners may prove their property before

FENWICKE BULL, J. P.

Juſt PUBLISHED, and to be SOLD, by CHARLES CROUCH, *in Elliott-ſtreet*, PRICE SEVEN SHILLINGS and SIX PENCE.

The Church of EPHESUS *arraign'd.*

Being the SUBSTANCE of five ſhort

S E R M O N S,

Contracted into one. Delivered 1760.

AT CHARLES-TOWN, SOUTH CAROLINA.

By JOSIAH SMITH, V. D. M.

REVELATIONS, III. 15, 16. VERSES.

I know thy works, that thou art neither cold nor hot: So then, becauſe thou art lukewarm, and neither cold nor hot, I will ſpew thee out of my mouth.

BENJAMIN HAWES,

DESIRES all who are indebted to him on his private concern, to diſcharge the ſame as ſoon as poſſible, and thoſe to whom he is indebted to call and receive payment. The books of his co-partnerſhip with Mr. FLAGG being already put into the hands of Thomas Tod, in order to be ſettled; and the books of his co-partnerſhip with Mr. ROGERS, will, as ſoon as they can be brought up, be put into the hands of one who will be properly authoriſed to ſettle the ſame.

He likewiſe acquaints his friends and the public, that he carries on by himſelf, at his houſe behind the Old Church, the Coach and Harneſs-making, together with the Painter's and Glazier's buſineſs, in all their ſeveral branches, and as he has provided himſelf with good workmen, he makes no doubt of giving ſatisfaction to whoever will be pleaſed to favour him with their cuſtom. 6 w.

THOMAS BOOTH,

COACH, SIGN, and HOUSE PAINTER,
from LONDON;

TAKES this Method of informing the Public in general, that he carries on the above Branches at his Shop in Broad-ſtreet, near Church-ſtreet; he flatters himſelf he ſhall meet with the Approbation of thoſe who employ him, as he will *warrant his Preparations*.—PINE KNOTS are well known to be very Deſtructive in HOUSE PAINTING, he therefore will obligate himſelf to ſtop them from Weeping, in ſuch a Manner that the Pannel though ever ſo full of them, ſhall not be the leaſt perceptable, though finiſhed with the *lighteſt of* COLOURS.

OIL and COLOURS warranted.

For S A L E,

A RICE PLANTATION, conſiſting of 1050 Acres of RIVER SWAMP, on the Carolina ſide of Savannah River, nearly oppoſite the Town of Savannah, formerly belonging to Mr. *John Smith*; having a ſpacious Barn 120 Feet long, including a Walk of 40 Feet ſquare, for the Cattle that work the Machine, which is of the beſt kind and quite new, with a Wharf before the Barn Door. The Land has 100 Acres clear, under good Dams, and has produced a plentiful Crop of Rice this Year. It may be taken poſſeſſion of in February next. Enquire in Savannah of BAZIL COWPER, or COWPER & TELFAIRS.

FIFTY POUNDS REWARD.

ABSENTED himſelf from my ſervice, on Thurſday the eighteenth day of Auguſt laſt, a likely ſtout young negro fellow named

W Y E,

about five feet ten inches high; he has a remarkable large wound in the calf of his leg, and ſpeaks bad Engliſh; he is ſo well known in Charles-Town, and moſt parts of the province, as to render any further deſcription of him quite unneceſſary. Since his abſence he has been ſeen in ſeveral different houſes and kitchens in the ſaid town; I have therefore, from this, and other information, ſufficient reaſons to preſume that he is harboured, entertained and encouraged by ſome white perſons, to keep from my ſervice, in expectation of my parting with him to them; I DO THEREFORE give this public notice to every one whom it may concern, that I am determined not to ſell him for any ſum of money that can be offered by any perſon whatever for a negro: But if the ſaid fellow will forthwith return to me within one week from this date, I promiſe to overlook and forgive this offence. In the mean time I will give Ten Pounds currency reward to any perſon, white or black, that will deliver him to the warden of the work-houſe in Charles-Town. And after that time I will give Fifty Pounds currency reward for his head, ſhould he make reſiſtance in being taken by any perſon whatever, and the ſame ſum if he is taken and delivered as aforeſaid, and ſufficient proof is made of his being harboured by a white perſon, or Ten Pounds if harboured by a negro, on conviction of the offender. All maſters of veſſels and others are hereby forewarned not to carry him off the province, as they or their ſecurities may be aſſured of being proſecuted with the greateſt ſeverity, and every advantage taken that the laws of the province will admit of.

THOMAS STONE.

Charles-Town, Octobor 22, 1768.

RUN-AWAY ſometime in July laſt, a NEGRO BOY named TONEY, he is ſuppoſed to be harboured at Hobcaw, having Relations there. Whoever will bring him to the Warden of the Work-Houſe, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS Reward, from

DAVID HENDERSON.

N. B. Whoever is found to have harboured him, ſhall be proſecuted according to Law.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by CHARLES CROUCH, in Elliott-ſtreet; where all Manner of Printing Work is performed with Care and Expedition.

SUPPLEMENT to the SOUTH-CAROLINA GAZETTE, and COUNTRY JOURNAL.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1768. No. 152. [Printed by CHARLES CROUCH, in Elliott-ſtreet.]

BOSTON, SEPTEMBER 19.

BY authentic advices from London, by Captain Scott, we learn, that the petition of our aſſembly to his Majeſty, had not reached the Royal Ear, though it had been delivered to the Secretary of State for this department: That the Houſe of Commons were divided with reſpect to the meaſures to be taken with America, pretty much the ſame as they were when the repeal of the ſtamp-act was in queſtion—one third were for enforcing the late acts at all events—another for a repeal, on condition of a previous bill to aſſert the right of Parliament over America, and the other third for a repeal without any conditions; and that the privy council were pretty much in the ſame ſtate: That the people at home begin to be convinced, that if the ſhackles, under which trade labours, were not ſoon removed, remittances would be ſlow and precarious, and that the wheels of trade would ſtop of themſelves, and would ſoon be felt in the decay of the Manufactures.

Laſt Monday night the POST contiguous to LIBERTY TREE was ſawed off, the damage was inconſiderable, but it diſcovers the evil diſpoſition of the perpetrators of ſuch a baſe action.

We hear that Mr. Wilkes has received the letter ſent from hence ſometime ſince by a number of gentlemen, who are well attached to the cauſe of Liberty; and an agreeable anſwer thereto has been received from him by Capt. Bruce, who arrived yeſterday afternoon from London.

All the churches in this town, Epiſcopalians excepted, have, agreeable to the vote of the Town, ſet a-part Tueſday next, as a day of faſting and prayer, and we hear the ſame religious ſenſibility appears in the country.

Benjamin Franklin, Eſq; is choſen Agent for Virginia.

BOSTON, *Council-Chamber*, SEPTEMBER 23, *A. M.*

MR. *Bowdoin*, Mr. *Gray*, and Mr. *Tyler*, purſuant to the appointment of the Council Yeſterday, reported to the Board an Anſwer to his Excellency's Propoſal for the Accommodation of the Troops: Which Anſwer being conſidered and amended is agreed to by the Board.

The Board was informed by the Secretary that the Weather being ſo ſtormy the Governor will not be in Town to-day, and deſires they will meet him at the Province-Houſe to-morrow 10 o'Clock, A. M.

SATURDAY, September 24. The Weather continuing ſtormy his Excellency did not come to Town till the Afternoon, when the Council waited upon him with their Anſwer.

An Alteration being propoſed in the ſaid Anſwer, it was agreed by the Council to meet Monday Morning 9 o'Clock the 26th Inſtant, to conſider it; and his Excellency informed the Council that their Anſwer might then be given to the Secretary to be delivered to him without any further meeting thereon.

September 26, A. M. The Council met and agreed to the Alteration; and then delivered the ſaid Anſwer to the Secretary.

The ANSWER follows.

THE Board have taken into their further Conſideration General *Gage*'s Letter, and the Extract from Lord *Hillſborough*'s Letter communicated by his Excellency on the 19th Inſtant, relative to the Reception and Accommodation of the Troops in the ſaid Letter and Extract mentioned, and have alſo conſidered his Excellency's Propoſal of the 22d Inſtant, relating to the Manufactory-Houſe in *Boſton*, that they would authorize him to take Meaſures for fitting up the ſaid Building for the Reception of ſo many of the ſaid Troops as it will conveniently accommodate. They have alſo attentively conſidered the Act of Parliament, providing among other Things for the Quartering and Billeting the ſaid Troops, and they find that the Civil Officers in the ſaid Act mentioned, and no others, are thereby impowered and "required to Quarter and Billet the Officers and Soldiers in "his Majeſty's Service in the Barracks provided in the "Colonies; and if there ſhall not be ſufficient Room in the "ſaid Barracks for the Officers and Soldiers, *then and in "ſuch caſe only* to Quarter and Billet the reſidue" of them in ſuch a Manner as in the ſaid Act is further and particularly directed. Now it appears by this Paragraph of the ſaid Act, that in any Colony where there are Barracks, the ſaid Officers and Soldiers in his Majeſty's Service ſhall be Quartered and Billeted in ſuch Barracks, and in no other Place, unleſs there ſhall not be ſufficient Room in the Barracks. With reſpect to this Colony, the Government of it in the beginning of the late War, by their Order, cauſed Barracks to be built at *Caſtle William*, for the very purpoſe of accommodating his Majeſty's Troops whenever it ſhould be neceſſary for them to come hither; under which Order the Governor and Council are authorized to provide Quarters in the ſaid Barracks for ſuch Troops; and thoſe Barracks are ſufficient to accommodate about One Thouſand Men, which Number it is ſaid the two Regiments ordered from *Halifax* will not exceed: Thoſe Regiments therefore which are the firſt expected, the ſaid Act of Parliament requires to be quartered in the ſaid Barracks.

General *Gage* however in his Letter aforeſaid mentions that one of the ſaid Regiments is ordered for the preſent to *CaſtleWilliam*, the other to the Town of *Boſton*: But it will be no Diſreſpect to the General to ſay that no Order whatſoever coming from a leſs Authority than his Majeſty and Parliament, can ſuperſede an Act of Parliament. And it is plain the General had no Intention that the ſaid Order ſhould, as he concludes his Letter by deſiring the Governor to ſee that the ſaid Troops are provided with Quarters on their Arrival in this Government as by Law directed. The ſaid Act alſo provides, "that if any Military Officer ſhall "take upon himſelf to quarter Soldiers in any of his Ma"jeſty's Dominions in America, otherwiſe than is limited "and allowed by this Act, or ſhall uſe or offer any Menace "or Compulſion," &c. he ſhall be "*ipſo facto* Caſhiered "and be utterly diſabled to have or hold any military Em"ployment in his Majeſty's Service." His Excellency therefore, as the Board apprehend, muſt clearly ſee by examining the ſaid Act, that it is not in the Power of the Board to provide Quarters for the ſaid Regiments as deſtined, till the Barracks at *Caſtle William* and the Inns, Livery-Stables and other Houſes mentioned in the ſaid Act ſhall be full; (in which "and no other Caſe, and upon no other "Account it ſhall and may be lawful for the Governor and "Council" to take the Meaſures they are directed to by the ſaid Act for the Reception of his Majeſty's Forces;) nor of conſequence to authorize his Excellency to take Meaſures for fitting up the Manufactory Houſe agreeable to his Propoſal.

The quartering of Troops in the body of the Town before the Barracks are full, is not only contrary to the Act of Parliament, but would be inconſiſtent with the Peace of the Town, whoſe Peace and Welfare, as alſo the Peace and Welfare of the Province in general, it is the Duty, Intereſt and Inclination of the Board to promote, and which in every way conſiſtent with Law they will endeavour to promote to the utmoſt of their Ability.

As the Board on the 19th inſt. when the Letters abovementioned were firſt communicated to them, adviſed that his Excellency give proper Orders for the accommodation of one of the Halifax Regiments in the Barracks at Caſtle William, ſo they now further adviſe that his Excellency give like Orders for the Accomodation of the other Halifax Regiment in the ſaid Barracks.

With regard to the two Regiments ordered from Ireland to Boſton, the Board doubt not that Proviſion will be made for their Accommodation agreeable to the Act aforeſaid.

That the Board might be better able to give their Advice in regard to the Regiments ordered hither, they thought it neceſſary that the whole of Lord *Hillſborough*'s Letter, ſo far as it related to the ſaid Regiments, and to the Occaſion and Deſign of their coming, ſhould be communicated to them, and they accordingly deſired his Excellency to communicate it. But though his Excellency was pleaſed to tell them he ſhould very probably lay the whole of it before the Board in ſuch Parcels and at ſuch Times as he thought proper, yet as they apprehend the Propriety of their own Conduct in a great Meaſure depends on the Communication of the whole of it together, they again requeſt his Excellency to favour them with it.

With regard to the Occaſion of the ſaid Regiments being ordered to Boſton, his Excellency on being aſked, informed the Board that he apprehended the Halifax Regiments were ordered hither in conſequence of the Riots in March laſt, and the two Iriſh Regiments in conſequence of that of the 10th of June laſt. On which the Board are obliged to obſerve that they are fully perſuaded his Majeſty's Miniſters could never have judged it either neceſſary or expedient to go into ſuch extraordinary Meaſures as thoſe of ſending Troops hither, unleſs in the Repreſentations made from hence by ſome ill-minded Perſons, the ſaid Riots had been greatly magnified and exaggerated.

With reſpect to what happened on the 12th of March, which was a Day of Rejoicing, and on ſuch Days Diſorders are not uncommon in populous Places, it was too inconſiderable to make it a ſubject of Repreſentation, and could not have been made the ſubject of ſo injurious an one but by Perſons diſpoſed to bring Miſery and Diſtreſs upon the Town and Province.

In regard to the Riot of the 10th of June, of which the Board have repeatedly expreſſed their Abhorrence and have Adviſed that the Perpetrators of it ſhould be Proſecuted by the Attorney-General, the Board have in their Anſwer to his Excellency's Repreſentation laid before them the 27th of July laſt, given a juſt Account of the occaſion of that Riot; and as they apprehend it neceſſary that the ſaid Account together with all the Proceedings at that Time ſhould be made Public, they again deſire his Excellency will order the ſaid Repreſentation and Anſwer to be printed as ſoon as may be in the Public News-Paper.

BOSTON, October 3. *Laſt Wedneſday Captain Jacobſon ſailed from this port for London, in whom went paſſengers, Francis Waldo, Eſq; the lady and children of Mr. Harriſon coll Aor of the Cuſtoms, and ſeveral other perſons.*

Thurſday laſt his excellency John Wentworth, Eſq; Governor of the Province of New Hampſhire, arrived in town from Portſmouth.

The ſame day the Committee of Convention which have lately met at Fenewil-Hall broke up.

Wedneſday morning arrived here from Halifax the Launceſton of 40 guns, the Mermaid of 28. Glaſgow of 20, Beaver of 14, Senegal of 14, and Bonetta of 10, and two armed Schooners, together with ſeveral tranſports, having on board the 14th regiment under the command of Lieutenant Colonel Dalrymple, and the 29th regiment under Lieutenant Colonel Carr; alſo the grenadiers and another company of the 59th regiment, with a detachment of the royal regiment of artillery; in all about 1000 men.

On Tueſday the boats from the fleet came up and ſounded the bay all round the town, and on Friday the ſhips of war came up and ranged themſelves on the north-eaſt ſide of the metropolis, as if intended for a formal ſiege; and about noon on Saturday the 14th regiment landed at the Long-Wharf, and having formed, marched with drums beating, fifes playing, and colours flying, up King-ſtreet to the town-houſe, where they halted till the 29th regiment came up, then marched to the common, where they were joined ſome time after by the detachments of the 59th regiment and of the train of artillery, with two field pieces.—About 2 o'clock, Lieutenant Cooper of the 14th came up to Mr. Brown, overſeer of the factory, and requeſted to ſee the rooms, and know what number of ſoldiers they might contain; Mr. Brown ſhewed him the rooms, on which he retired; but ſpeedily returned, and ſaid it was Colonel Dalrymple's poſitive orders to have the factory cleared in two hours for the reception of the ſoldiers. Mr. Brown deſiring to ſee the Colonel in perſon, was conducted to him in the common, and complained to him of the hardſhip of being turned out of doors from a houſe he had been placed in by the province, and that without legal warning. The Colonel anſwered he received orders from Governor Barnard to lodge his troops in the factory-houſe, and he would obey them. Mr. Brown replied, he diſputed the Governor's power to vindicate ſuch orders, and would not comply with them. Colonel Dalrymple during the converſation having reached the factory, tarried ſome time, and on departure ſaid that he would for the ſake of the people go once more to the ſelectmen and ſee whether they would make any proviſion for his men, who muſt otherwiſe lie in the open air. He accordingly went and applied for the ſhelter of Fanueil hall, till monday morning, declaring upon his honour that the utmoſt care ſhould be taken not to injure any thing in that building, which contains many of the public papers and town arms. Some time after the Colonel came to Mr. Brown, and told him he need give himſelf no further trouble till Monday, when he could not ſay but the Governor might renew the demand. About twilight the 14th regiment marched down to the hall, where they ſtood under arms till near 9 o'clock, when the door, by ſome means or other, being opened, they took up their lodging there that night; but the place not being ſufficient to accommodate the whole of that regiment, a part of them, by the Governor's permiſſion, took up their quarters laſt evening in the town-houſe.—The 29th having brought their field equipage with them, are encamped on the common, with the artillery.

Colonel Dalrymple commands in chief the land forces, and Captain Smith the ſhips of war.

We have now the appearance before this town of 13 or 14 ſhips of war, and two regiments in the common, with a train of artillery, and all this mighty and expenſive parade, is, as his excellency has told the council, in conſequence of the diſorders on the 12th of March laſt, which were nothing more than a few diſorderly boys balloting before Mr. Inſpector Williams's door that evening. We are now become a ſpectacle to all North-America; may our conduct be ſuch as not to diſgrace ourſelves or injure the common cauſe.

It is obſerved that the enemies to this town and province are much chagrined to perceive this town in that peace and good order which has aſtoniſhed the gentlemen of the military, who by the repreſentations made to them might have expected to have found us in a ſtate of diſorder and rebellion.

Not the leaſt attempt has been made or even contemplated to oppoſe the landing of the King's troops, or their encampment on the common; whoever among us ſhall preſume to act counter to law, muſt anſwer for any unhappy conſequences. It is not doubted but the poſſe comitatus, in aid of the civil Magiſtrate, when neceſſary, will be ſufficient to maintain every individual in the exerciſe and enjoyment of his rights and property.

Monday, October 3, 1768.

A COUNCIL *holden at the* PROVINCE-HOUSE. *His Excellency communicated to the board a letter from Lieut. Colonel Dalrymple, acquainting him that he had received orders by expreſs from general Gage to land the two regiments from Halifax at Boſton, and that he was under a neceſſity of demanding quarters for them there; and deſiring that fuel, ſtraw and the other articles directed to be provided for the troops may be got in readineſs.*

Colonel Dalrymple and Capt. Smith deſiring to be admitted before the board came to a determination, they were admitted accordingly; when Colonel Dalrymple took occaſion to explain the intention of his requiſition, viz. That as the board could not think themſelves authoriſed to provide barracks in this town, inaſmuch as barracks have already been provided by the government at Caſtle William, he had encamped ſome of his troops, and was providing barracks for the reſt in the town, ſo that he conſidered them all as in barracks, and demanded barrack proviſions accordingly, agreeable to act of parliament.

Whereupon his excellency moved to the board that they would appoint ſome ſuitable perſon or perſons to make ſuch proviſion.

On Wedneſday, October 5, A. M.

To which time the board adjourned, the following ANSWER *was given to his excellency;*

ADVISED, That agreeable to his Excellency's motion, one or more perſon or perſons be authoriſed and appointed to furniſh and ſupply the officers and ſoldiers put and placed in the barracks with fire, candles, &c. as particularly mentioned in the act of parliament: provided the perſon or perſons ſo to be authorized and appointed, will take the riſk of the province's paying to him or them all ſuch ſum or ſums of money, ſo by them paid, laid out or expended for the purpoſe aforeſaid.

And inaſmuch as the board in Colonel Dalrymple's letter aforeſaid, dated the 30th ult. and before his coming to town, obſerved a ſuggeſtion, that a bad ſpirit prevailed here; and that in conſequence of it General Gage had been induced to order both regiments to be landed in the town: but as Col. Dalrymple muſt before this time have had the fulleſt evidence that no ſuch ſpirit is prevalent: and that the town is in a ſtate perfectly peaceful and quiet, the board doubt not of his juſtice to repreſent it to the general accordingly; which they cannot but apprehend will procure from the general a re-call of his laſt order; and that agreeable to his letter to Governor Bernard of the 12th ult. one at leaſt of the ſaid regiments will be again ordered to Caſtle William.

The board alſo perſuade themſelves that the ſame reaſon will induce the general to order the Iriſh regiments to Nova-Scotia, or to ſome other parts where his Majeſty's ſervice may require them.

The board deſire the Governor to ſend by the poſt to-morrow, a copy of this minute of council to General Gage, with ſuch repreſentation as his Excellency ſhall think proper, to induce the General to give ſuch orders as will relieve the town and province from their preſent anxiety and diſtreſs.

His Excellency nominated John Goldthwait, jun. Eſq; to be commiſſary for the purpoſe above-mentioned; and he was appointed accordingly.

BOSTON, October 10. By a gentleman from York we learn, that tranſports were refuſed General Gage by the merchants there, on ſuppoſition that they were to be employed this way.

The King's troops are encamped on what is uſually called the common.— Our parliament-houſe, the court-houſe and Fanueil-hall are ſtill occupied by ſoldiers—And Col. Green, commander of the ſouth battery, was ordered by the Governor to remove the town ſtores and deliver the keys to Col. Dalrymple.

We hear there are above 200 families in this town that have agreed not to uſe any more Tea. We alſo hear the inhabitants in Charlet-Town, Hingham, Sudbury, and ſeveral other populous towns in this province have almoſt unanimouſly agreeed to the ſame.——Even the ladies in this affair are prompters.

Inſtead of coffee, dried peas are now uſed by many polite families in town, and thought to be equal in taſte and flavour to any coffee imported from abroad.——Some uſe barley for the like purpoſe.

We hear from Brookfield, that Mr. Joſhua Upham of that town, a gentleman in the law, and his two brothers, with a number of other gentlemen, have lately erected a building 50 feet in length, and two ſtories high, for a manufactory-houſe, and are collecting tradeſmen of ſeveral ſorts for the woollen manufactory, and they propoſe to keep a large number of looms conſtantly at work.

We hear from Wilbraham, a part of Springfield, that a number of gentlemen have agreed together to purchaſe 2000 ſheep, to be paſtured upon the plains there, under the care of a ſhepherd.

Whoever in America, ſhall at this time of calamity, purchaſe any thing foreign for conſumption, will thereby contribute his part to the perpetuating our diſtreſſes and riveting the chains our maſters have flung around us.

We hear a veſſel is arrived at New-London in 6 weeks from Cork, and brings advice that the two regiments there

destined for this place, were embarking on board the transports when they came away.

Saturday last sailed Captain Scott, for London; some gentlemen of the navy went passengers with him, it is said, with dispatches from the Governor, Colonel Dalrymple and Captain Smith.

The troops still continue at the places mentioned in our last; but Captain Montresor, barrack-master general for America, has taken some sugar-houses, ware-houses and dwelling-houses, to which they will soon remove.

Extract of letter from London.

"The warm and unthinking people in this part of the world, imagine that you are all distracted; they say that your waywardness and presumption are the effects of over-indulgence and mistaken tenderness: At first they espoused your side, next they began to cool in their regard; and last of all, you may depend on having their utmost hatred and ill-will. Your late proceedings in Boston, have lowered all the stocks 4 per cent.——But those who are moderate, and therefore not apt to judge so rashly, and who are acquainted with America, cannot imagine that you have unanimously risen in opposition to acts of parliament; they therefore impatiently wait for further advices from your quarter, which they hope will be of such a nature, as to mollify the resentment of the people here.——This is the fervent wish of many."

NEW-YORK, SEPTEMBER 26.

The following is an extract of a letter from London, dated July 6.——"I have seen the message from the merchants of Boston to those of New-York, respecting the non-importation of English manufactures. It gives the friends of America here a great pleasure to find it was rejected by the prudent people of the latter; as it cannot have the effect wished for, but will certainly tend to sour the administration, and set them against America."

Extract of a letter from a merchant at Liverpool, to one in New-York, dated June 4, 1768.

"I am not a little surprized, at you Yorkers, that you should attempt to force our Parliament to repeal any more acts for you. Rest assured they will not, if you behave as heretofore, his Majesty will send men of war to all trading towns on the continent, and stop all your trade,—and likewise a number of soldiers to humble you, which I think is your just reward."

PHILADELPHIA, SEPTEMBER 15.

Sunday last arrived here the sloop Speedwell, Captain A. Dyer, from St. Augustine, who informs, that all the troops from Bermuda and Providence, to the amount of 700 were collected there, and that 13 companies were daily expected from Pensacola.

SEPTEMBER 22. On Saturday last died here Mr. Peter Hunt, aged 101.

SEPTEMBER 29. Saturday evening last the General Assembly of this province broke up, after finishing the necessary business of the session. We are assured, that their journals will manifest as great a regard for the Liberties of America as those of any other province, though their measures have been conducted with prudence, and without ostentation.

GEORGE PARKER,

At his store in Church-street, *the corner of* Elliott-street,

HATH a great variety of genteel brass and steel mounted FIRE GRATES, with fenders, &c. suitable for dining rooms or compting houses, which he will sell extremely cheap for *ready money*. Also a large quantity of exceeding fine BUTTER in small kegs, FLOUR, milk and water BISCUIT in kegs, SHIP BREAD, BAR IRON at *seven pounds* per hundred weight, PLOWSHARE MOULDS, RUM, WINE, fine and coarse SALT, &c.

TO BE SOLD at public vendue, on Wednesday the 2d day of November next, at the plantation of Mary Williams, *deceased, on the island of* St. Helena;

ALL the personal estate of the said deceased, consisting of five negroes, a flock of cattle, hogs, and horses, two canoes, household furniture, &c. The conditions to be declared at the time of sale. All persons having any demands on said estate are desired to make them known by the above day, and those indebted thereto must make immediate payment to

DANIEL DE SAUSSURE, Administrator.

PAUL TOWNSEND,

HAS just imported in the Ship Beaufain, Daniel Curling, *Master, from* LONDON;

A FRESH ASSORTMENT of GOODS,

proper for the present and approaching Season, which he will sell on the most reasonable Terms, at his Store in Broad street.

ATKINS & WESTON,

Have just imported by the ship Beaufain, *Captain* Curling, *from* LONDON;

A CHOICE PARCEL of SADDLES,

checked handkerchiefs, flowered and sprigged lawns, of a fine quality for aprons, silk gauze, bed ticking, fine threads, &c. ALSO,

An assortment of the best *Family Medicines.*

They have a choice parcel of white, blue, and green PLAINS, and DUFFIL BLANKETS, (just imported) to be sold on the most moderate terms, both at STONO, and in CHARLES-TOWN.

TO BE LET, and entered upon the 19th of November,

A LARGE STORE and CELLAR in GADSDEN'S-ALLEY, adjoining my Printing-Office, and now in the Possession of Messrs. HARVEY & BATY. Apply to CHARLES CROUCH.

For SALE,

A LARGE SCHOONER, on Trott's-Point, burthen about 130 or 140 Barrels of Rice, will draw but a small draft of Water, and now ready for launching. Any Person inclining to purchase her, may apply on Trott's-Point to me.

JOHN MORTAMAR WILLIAMS.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the subscriber's plantation, in St. Andrew's parish, sometime in August last, two large WHITE HORSES, they were yoked together with a small chain, one branded on the mounting shoulder A; the other branded on the mounting shoulder ꝟP in one, and on the buttock of the same side thus T C, and a fluer de luce above, they pace and trot. Whoever will bring the said horses to the subscriber, or give information where they may be had, shall receive TEN POUNDS reward, and on the conviction of the offender FIFTY POUNDS.

September 30, 1768. JOHN ERNEST POYAS.

GEORGE WOOD,

BOOK-BINDER and STATIONER, in *Elliott-street*, Has just imported in the *Friendship*, Capt. *Samuel Ball*, jun. from LONDON;

A large and compleat ASSORTMENT of

STATIONARY WARE,

consisting of *almost* EVERY ARTICLE in that branch;

WRITING PAPER of all kinds used, gilt and plain, warranted of the best quality; all sorts of blank books, bound in rough calf skin, ruled and plain, parchment ditto, &c.

A *neat* Collection of BOOKS,

among which are the best Greek, Latin, French and English dictionaries, by various authors; Greek, Latin, French and English classicks, ditto, large folio bibles with cuts, Henry on the bible, Burket on the new testament, Stackhouse's history of the bible, with cuts, Flavell's works, Ambrose's ditto, bibles of all sizes, in all variety of bindings, common prayer books, ditto, Watt's psalms and hymns, ditto, harmonia sacra, or a choice collection of psalm and hymn tunes, Holdroyd's companion ditto, &c. the new whole duty of man, Sherlock on death, Drelincourt on ditto, confession of faith, Hervey's meditations, family instructor, moral miscellany, new manual of devotions, Jenks's devotion, Nelson's ditto, a weeks preparation for the sacrament, in two parts, Tillotsons's sermons, Evans's ditto, Scott's ditto, Paradise lost, death of Abel, Seneca's morals, Jacob's law dictionary, Shaw's justice, every man his own lawyer, Salmon's geographical grammar, Gazetteer ditto, Wilson's surveying, Love's ditto, preceptor, Cocker's arithmetick, Wingate's ditto, Webster's ditto, Hill's ditto, Fisher's ditto, Wise's ditto, Mairs's book-keeping, Dilworth's ditto, Cook's ditto, Fisher's young man's companion, Wise's ditto, London dispensitary, every man his own physician, Kennett's Roman antiquities, compleat housewife, art of cookery by a lady, Tully's offices in English, Pope's works, spectator, Butler's hudibrass, Gay's fables, Æsop's ditto, Robinson Crusoe, compleat letter writer, Ovid's art of love, Tom Jones, Roderick Random, Peregrine Pickle, Sir Charles Grandison, Pamelia, Clarissa Harlowe, Arabian nights entertainments, Atkinson's epitomy, mariners calander, mariners compass, seamans daily assistant, West-India pilot, Molier's works, French and English, Telemacus, ditto, Tournefort's voyages, Ray's travels, Miller's gardiners kalender, the farmers compleat guide, Smollett's history of England, octavo, 18 vols. Langley's design of architecture, Bartlett's farriery, Champion's penmans employment, ditto compleat alphabets, the compleat drawing book, the whole art of drawing, ditto, paints in shells, gold leaf, four sheet maps of the world, from the newest observations, with rollers, ditto of Europe, ditto, of North-America, ditto, of North and South-America, ditto, of Asia, ditto, of Africa, ditto, a great variety of song books, ditto of small picture books for children, entertaining and instructive, a large assortment of single plays, violins, and strings for ditto.

He has likewise to DISPOSE OF

A Collection of *curious* BOOKS,

consisting of histories, voyages, travels, lives, memoirs, novels, plays, &c. which he will sell very cheap.

N. B. *GOOD ALLOWANCE to school-masters, or others, that take a quantity.*

☞ BOOK-BINDING,

carried on in all its branches, gilt or plain, in Morocco, calf, or vellum; ledgers and journals of all sizes, and all manner of blank books done agreeable to orders, on the shortest notice, *(the paper warranted to be good) as usual, and at as reasonable rates as any in the province can afford.*

GEORGE COOKE, & Co.

Have just imported in the Beaufain, *from* LONDON, *and in the* Catherine, *from* BRISTOL;

A FRESH ASSORTMENT of GOODS,

Which they will dispose of upon reasonable terms, *for* CASH, PRODUCE, *or* SHORT CREDIT; *at the south corner store the bottom of Broad-street, lately occupied by Messieurs* Waring & Shepheard,

CONSISTING of superfine, broad cloths, with trimmings, Yorkshire ditto, printed and Irish linens, spotted, long and clear lawns, cambricks, pomeranias, Russia drabs, brown Holland, crocus, nankeens, superfine serge de nesme, handkerchiefs of all kinds, duffil blankets, WHITE PLAINS, white flannels, fearnought jackets, swanskin settees, ermine ditto, hats of all kinds, yarn, worsted, thread, cotton and silk hose, breeches pieces, Dutch, mill'd, red and striped worsted caps, yarn and leather gloves, Bath beavers, and bearskin, striped linseys, Persians, mantuas, black and blue satin, figured mode, ribbons, Dutch lace, &c. plain and figured gauze for aprons, gauze handkerchiefs, with a variety of other millinary and haberdashery—combs, cutlery, grocery, stationary, ironmongery, glass and tin ware, pewter, saddles and saddlery, leather and stuff shoes and pumps of all sorts; FAMILY MEDICINES, &c. with various other articles, too tedious to enumerate.——☞ They have likewise to sell,

An ASSORTMENT of CUTLERY,

LATELY IMPORTED,

By Mr. CHARLES LITTLEWOOD.

AS I intend to remove to Georgia, will sell the plantation I now live on, containing about 340 acres of land, exceeding good for either rice, corn, or indico, situate on the Great-swamp in St. Luke's parish, and joining lands of Mr. Cornelius Dupont, and the estate of Mr. John Dupont; there is on the plantation a good dwelling house, barn, and other out-houses. Any person inclinable to purchase may treat with MARY KIRK.

THE Creditors of the Estate of THOMAS DAY, deceased, are once more requested to send in their Accounts properly attested, and all indebted to said Estate, have this last Notice, that unless their several Debts are shortly discharged, they will be sued without Distinction, by

October 12, 1768. JOHN POAUG, Administrator.

FOUND by a NEGRO FELLOW,

TWO GOLD RINGS. Whoever can justly claim the same, may have them by applying to the Printer, paying for this Advertisement, and rewarding the Fellow for his honesty.

Charles-Town, October 12, 1768.

STRAYED into Mr. *Holiday's* garden and pasture, about ten nights ago, a grey gelding, aged, about fourteen hands and an half high, branded on the near shoulder with an obscure mark like an M or a W. The owner is desired immediately to take him away, and pay the charges. The property to be proved before

FENWICKE BULL, J. P.

TO BE SOLD at public vendue, at the usual place in Charles-Town, *on Thursday the 24th of November, the following* VALUABLE LANDS *and* HOUSES, *belonging to the estate of* ALEXANDER PATRIE, *deceased, and sold in pursuance of his* last will, viz.

A LARGE BRICK CORNER HOUSE,

fronting the Bay and Elliott-street, with back buildings thereto belonging, being under lease to Mr. Elias Vanderhorst, at £. 120 sterling per annum, to be paid yearly on the Royal Exchange of London, if required, of which lease near *seven years* are yet unexpired.

A BRICK TENEMENT adjoining to the above on the Bay, at present possessed by Mrs. Petrie, consisting of five good rooms above stairs, and a large double shop below, with sundry fixtures belonging to the SILVER-SMITH'S BUSINESS, also a very good kitchen with two rooms above, all of brick.

SEVERAL SMALL LOTS in a pleasant, airy situation, betwixt Broad and Tradd-streets, each lot being 32 feet front on Orange-street, and 111 feet deep.

The Conditions of the sale will be *twelve months credit*, with interest, and such security as shall be required, by

ROBERT BRISBANE,
ROBERT PHILP,
JAMES LAURENS.

A great variety of SILVER-SMITH'S TOOLS, of the best London make, and nearly as good as new, belonging to said estate, will be sold at PRIVATE SALE *very cheap*, and any person taking the whole, may have them *a great bargain.*

Notice is hereby given,

TO all persons anywise indebted to the late co-partnership of TEBOUT & JOHNSON, that full power and authority is invested in JOHN CALVERT, to settle the concerns of the said co-partnership, (in whose hands the books are lodged for that purpose) and that no other person whatever has any right to give a discharge, for any sum or sums due to the said co-partnership; and as there is an absolute necessity of bringing the said concerns to a speedy settlement, all persons concerned are hereby desired to take notice.

TUNIS TEBOUT,
WILLIAM JOHNSON.

JUST IMPORTED in the Sloop William & Mary, *from* BOSTON, *and to be sold at Store No.* 3, *on Col.* Beale's *Wharf, at the lowest Rate,*

By ALDEN BASS,

SPERMACETI CANDLES, Loaf and Brown Sugar, Molasses, Cordials, Chocolate, Tea, Bar Iron, Iron Hollow Ware, Mackrel, and Blubber Oil in Barrels, Cheese, Potatoes, Onions, &c.

For LONDON,

THE SHIP

BEAUFAIN,

DANIEL CURLING, MASTER.

(To sail the first of the Crop)

FOR FREIGHT of Indico, Deer Skins, Rice, or PASSAGE. Apply to the said Master, WILLIAM ANCRUM, or AARON LOOCOCK.

Imported in the Friendship, *from* LONDON;

BLUE and white NEGRO CLOTH, London duffils, Kendall cottons, striped flannels and cottons, upwards of 4000 yards of low priced printed linens, and a large quantity of printed handkerchiefs, a very great variety of *Yorkshire* STUFFS for negroes gowns, the best colours and patterns, a large assortment of linen and cotton checks, and cotton Hollands, check and cotton handkerchiefs of different widths and prices, striped checks and cotton gowns, men and boys low priced hats, dark ground printed cottons, with small cutlery, and many other articles, all bought from the manufacturers with CASH, and to be sold *proportionably* CHEAP at my store in Beadon's-alley.

JOHN DAVIES.

JOHN & SARAH CRANE,

TAYLOR and MANTEAU MAKER, from LONDON, with their Names in *Gold Letters* against the Balcony, in Church-street;

THEY still continue to make it their Study to please all who favour them with their Commands, at the shortest Notice.——In the genteelest Manner Mrs. CRANE makes Hats, Bonnets, Cloaks, Cardinals, Capuchins, and Childrens Jams; where may be had good WRITING PAPER, at 5*s.* the Quire.

WANTED, a Boy as an Apprentice.

RUN-away from the subscriber, in June last, two negro men, named NED and TOBY: NED is a young fellow, about 24 or 25 years old, of the Gambia country, five feet six or seven inches high, speaks tolerable good English, round shouldered and stoops much; had on when he went away, a blue negro cloth jacket and trowsers.—TOBY this country born, about the same age and height, cunning, artful and bold; had on a short coat and breeches of white plains, edged with blue, formerly the property of *William Raven*, and well known on John's-Island, where he is supposed to be. Whoever will take up the said fellows, and delivers them to me at my plantation in *Prince William's parish*, or to the warden of the Work-house, shall receive a reward of TEN POUNDS for each, and reasonable charges.

GODIN GUERARD.

TO BE LET,

A GOOD ROOM, and a large DRY CELLAR. Apply to

WILLIAM GOWDEY.

I AM informed by JOSEPH WILLINGHAM, of a black horse 13 hands high, branded on the mounting shoulder thus ɔꟻ, and another brand on the buttock, not plain.

Also a red cow, not branded, ear marked with an under halfpenny, and an upper halfpenny in one ear, and in the other with an under halfpenny and slit. The owners of the above strays must prove their property before

September 26, 1768. JOHN PAMOR.

BENJAMIN GUERARD, having Administered upon the Estates of THOMAS MIDDLETON and WILLIAM MIDDLETON, Esquires, requests those indebted to either of the Estates to make immediate Payment, and those to whom the said Estates are indebted, to send in their Accounts properly attested.